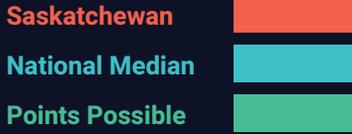


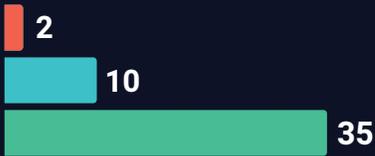


Saskatchewan ranked 9th in Canada's first Provincial Energy Efficiency Scorecard, earning 18 points out of 100.

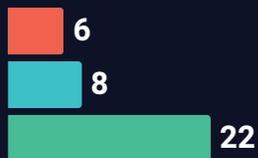
## POLICY AREA SCORES



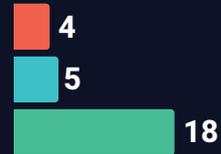
## PROGRAMS



## ENABLING POLICIES



## BUILDINGS



## TRANSPORTATION



## INDUSTRY



## RECAPTURE PAST LEADERSHIP

Saskatchewan is an energy efficiency pioneer, building the highly efficient Conserver House in Northwest Regina in 1977.\* This year, Saskatchewan was the first province to adopt the 2017 National Energy Code for Buildings.

Yet, the province now lags in many other energy efficiency policy areas.

Other provinces are achieving much higher program savings (Nova Scotia), preparing to mandate Conserver House levels of energy efficiency by 2032 (British Columbia), and requiring building energy use reporting (Ontario).

## STRENGTHS

**Building Energy Codes:** Adopting the 2017 National Energy Code for Buildings will lead to savings 8-12% above the 2015 version. Other provinces have yet to adopt this more advanced code, yet British Columbia will soon surpass it, as it moves through its Step Code towards net-zero energy-ready buildings.

**Industrial Programs:** SaskPower's industrial 'cohort' program provides a clear and accessible, three-stage program to improve industrial energy management.

## AREAS FOR IMPROVEMENT

**Program Savings:** Saskatchewan electricity savings targets are equal to 0.3% of annual sales per year. Nova Scotia plans to save 1.1%, and American states are hitting 2-3% annual savings. Saskatchewan can reduce GHG emissions and avoid more expensive power plants, fossil fuels, and transmission infrastructures by recognizing efficiency as a priority clean energy resource in electricity and natural gas systems.

\*Nichole Huck, "Passive Home' Movement a Success in Germany, but not in Saskatchewan Where it Started," CBC News, 2015



Efficiency  
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